Operating Instructions for

A-3™ DRILLING AND TAPPING MACHINE

MAIN OFFICE and PLANT
500 West Eldorado Street
Decatur, Illinois  62522
www.muellercompany.com
1. Read and follow instructions carefully. Proper training and periodic review regarding the use of this equipment is essential to prevent possible serious injury and/or property damage. The instructions contained herein were developed for using this equipment on fittings of Mueller manufacturer only, and may not be applicable for any other use.

2. Do not exceed the pressure ratings of any components or equipment. Exceeding the rated pressure may result in serious injury and/or property damage.

3. Safety goggles and other appropriate protective gear should be used. Failure to do so could result in serious injury.

4. Pressure test, check for and repair leaks in all fittings and components each time one is installed or any joint or connection is broken. Failure to find and repair a leak from any source in the fittings, by-pass lines or equipment could result in an explosion and subsequent serious injury and/or property damage.

5. MUELLER® Drilling Machines and Equipment have been carefully designed and engineered to work together as a unit. The use of equipment manufactured by someone other than MUELLER Co. may cause excessive wear or a malfunction of the MUELLER machines.

All warranties, expressed or implied, for MUELLER Drilling Machines are rendered null and void if the machines are used with shell cutters or equipment manufactured by someone other than MUELLER Co.
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**A-3™ Drilling and Tapping Machine**

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[Mueller Co.](www.muellercompany.com)
BEFORE USE
Clean and lubricate all wearing and bearing surfaces, particularly the boring bar, the boring bar collar, the cap sleeve threads, and the chain hook threads.

Inspect and clean all tools, particularly the shank ends, and remove any burrs or scale, which would prevent proper alignment with the boring bar.

Inspect and clean the socket in the end of the boring bar and remove any burrs or scale which would prevent the tool from seating properly.

AFTER USE
Thoroughly clean the entire machine and all tools, and lubricate all machined surfaces.

Remove all chips from inside the body including the flop valve recess. A special body-cleaning chisel is furnished for this purpose. If chips are permitted to accumulate in the machine they could rust and become caked and interfere with the operation of the flop valve.

Flat link chain must be well lubricated and kept free from rust and dirt. It may be advisable to store flat link chain in a container of oil when not in use.

The machine and all tools and equipment should be stored in the machine box. Carefully place tools in their individual compartments to prevent damage to the cutting edges.

BYPASS VALVE – Figure 1
Clean the bypass valve frequently.

Remove the hand knob screw, hand knob, seat nut, seat nut washer, and stem.

Clean out the valve ports and passages with a piece of wire. A Bypass Clean Out Tap is available (part 500529) which effectively cleans chips or foreign material from the threaded area of the bypass valve.

If necessary, replace the seat washer and seat nut washer with new MUELLER washers only. Ordinary washers will not work satisfactorily.

IMPORTANT: Clean the recess below the stem threads and the bottom inside stem thread in the body. Chips may lodge at this location and prevent complete closure of the bypass valve.
CAPACITY AND USE:
The A-3 Machine is designed for hand or power operation and tools are fed automatically during the power drilling operation.

A special mechanism permits the boring bar to be locked to the feed nut and yoke to prevent the drill from spiraling into the hole before the hole is completely drilled. It also prevents the drill from dropping to the threaded section of the combined drill and tap. This design eliminates unnecessary tool damage and is recommended for low-pressure drillings.

The A-3 Drilling and Tapping Machine drills and taps a main and inserts a valve, tee, or plug into the tapped hole in the main under pressure. The following items can be inserted with the A-3 machine.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sizes</th>
<th>Corporation Valves</th>
<th>NO-BLO® Service Tees</th>
<th>NO-BLO® Service Stop Tees</th>
<th>Pipe Plugs</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>1/2&quot; 1&quot; 1 1/4&quot; 1 1/2&quot; 2&quot;</td>
<td>3/8&quot; 1&quot; 1/4&quot; 1 1/2&quot; 2&quot;</td>
<td>1&quot; 1 1/4&quot;</td>
<td>1&quot; 1/4&quot; 1 1/2&quot; 2&quot; 2 1/2&quot;</td>
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*MUELLER GAS DISTRIBUTION PRODUCTS CATALOG lists the catalog numbers of the tees which can be inserted. A MUeller Drilling Machine and its equipment must also be used when inserting a NO-BLO® Service Tee. See instruction “L” page 11.

Tools and saddles are offered for use with cast iron, ductile iron, cement-lined ductile iron, ductile iron O.D. PVC, A-C, and steel pipe in sizes from 6” to 48”.

MAXIMUM WORKING PRESSURE:
90 psi without power clevis
200 psi with power clevis

RECOMMENDED MINIMUM SIZE OF CAST IRON MAIN FOR EACH SIZE OF TAPPING FOR SERVICE CONNECTION

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Size of Tapping</th>
<th>1&quot;</th>
<th>1 1/4&quot;</th>
<th>1 1/2&quot;</th>
<th>2&quot;</th>
<th>2 1/2&quot;</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Smallest Size of Main</td>
<td>4&quot;</td>
<td>6&quot;</td>
<td>6&quot;</td>
<td>8&quot;</td>
<td>10&quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Approximate Number of full Threads</td>
<td>4/4</td>
<td>4/3</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
A. SELECT THE EQUIPMENT REQUIRED

The following equipment must be selected from the latest WATER or GAS DISTRIBUTION PRODUCTS CATALOG.

1. Select the proper combined drill (or shell cutter) and tap according to:
   a. Size and type of inlet thread on valve, tee, or plug to be inserted.
   b. Material from which the pipe to be tapped is made.
   c. Size and class of pipe to be tapped.
2. Select the proper saddle according to the size and type of pipe to be tapped.
3. Select the proper inserting tool.
   a. For corporation valves according to the size and type of outlet.
   b. For tees according to the size of the outside thread at the top of the tee.
   c. For plugs according to the size.
4. Select proper extracting tool.
   a. For corporation valves according to the size and type of outlet.
   b. For tees according to the size of the outside thread at the top of the tee.
   c. For plugs according to the size.
5. Select the items of special equipment which may be required because of special operating conditions.

B. ATTACH THE MACHINE TO THE PIPE

1. Thoroughly clean the pipe at the location for the tap; include an area greater than the large saddle gasket.
2. Place the large saddle gasket on top of the pipe even with the location for the tap, with the raised projection up away from the pipe.
3. Place the saddle on the large saddle gasket.
4. Place the small saddle gasket in the recess in the top of the saddle. FIGURE 2
5. Unscrew the brass feed cap (containing the boring bar assembly) from the cylinder of the machine.
6. Place the body and cylinder of the machine on top of the small saddle gasket. Position the machine so that the work “TOP” cast on the body is up if the machine is to be operated in any position other than vertical.
7. Unscrew nuts on chain hook and eye bolt until they are flush with the end of the threaded section.
8. Hang chain hook and washer over one side of the chain yoke.
9. Hang eyebolt and washer (with chain) over the other side of the chain yoke.
10. Bring the chain around under the pipe and connect it with the chain hook. Be sure the chain is not twisted. The flat link chain hook is attached to the chain between two of the chain link pins and always with the notch in the hook on the outside (the side away from the body of the machine). FIGURE 3
11. Tighten chain hook nuts hand tight.
12. Slide the machine around the pipe to the desired angle.
13. Tighten the chain hook nuts evenly. Hammer the chain around the pipe to remove any twist in the chain and continue tightening both chain hook nuts until the machine is solidly bearing against the pipe. IMPORTANT – DO NOT tighten the chain hook nuts after starting to drill as it will throw the machine out of alignment.

Use Web Belt (part no. 88693) when tapping wrapped and coated steel pipe. This web belt does not damage the exterior covering of the pipe. A-3 Machine chain is for use on pipe up to 16” in size. Use the proper length and type of extension chain when tapping pipe in larger sizes.
C. ATTACH TOOL TO BORING BAR
1. Slide drift pin in boring bar socket so that head end is exposed.
2. Insert the proper combined drill (or shell cutter) and tap into the socket of the boring bar. Align the keyway in the tool shank with the key inside the socket of the boring bar.
   NOTE: The point of the tool retaining screw purposely contacts the upper side of the countersunk hole in the tool to maintain pressure on the shank of the tool to help retain it tightly in the socket of the boring bar.
3. Strike tool on end with a block of hard wood to make it fit tightly in socket.
4. Tighten tool-retaining screw in boring bar.
5. Thoroughly coat the tool with special MUELLER Cutting Grease. FIGURE 4.
   DO NOT use cutting grease when drilling and tapping A-C pipe.
6. Retract boring bar to its rearmost position.

D. ASSEMBLE THE MACHINE
1. Open the flop valve as far as it will go by turning the hand wheel clockwise.
2. Screw feed cap and boring bar assembly onto the cylinder of the machine.
3. Push boring bar down by hand until the tool contacts the main.
4. Adjust the feed nut and yoke on cap sleeve so that the yoke is engaged with the collar on the boring bar. Raise the pivot arm of locking mechanism on side of yoke so that it is positioned under the collar, then lock in place with operating screw.
5. Turn bypass valve hand knob counter-clockwise as far as possible. This is the bypass position for this valve.

Ea. DRILL AND TAP – HAND OPERATED METHOD
1. Adjust ratchet dog in handle so that the boring bar will rotate clockwise.
2. Drill the hole by operating the ratchet handle clockwise and turning the feed yoke clockwise a little at a time. Use a light even feed at the start. If possible, pull the ratchet handle in an arc parallel to the axis of the pipe thereby reducing the tendency of the machine to slip on the pipe. FIGURE 5
3. Continue the drilling operation until the boring bar feeds easily and rotates easily, indicating the drill is through the pipe.
4. Rotate the feed yoke clockwise without rotating the boring bar until the tap part of the tool contacts the pipe.
5. Apply a downward pressure with the feed yoke and at the same time rotate the boring bar clockwise until the tap takes hold after which the feed yoke may be dropped off and the tool allowed to feed itself.
   NOTE: The feed yoke should remain in contact with the boring bar collar and should follow the feed of the tool when tapping under high pressure or when tapping thin wall or asbestos-cement pipe. **DO NOT overfeed faster than the tool is cutting as this will strips the threads in the pipe.**
6. Continue the tapping operation until the tapping line on the boring bar, just under the collar, is flush with the top thread on the feed cap sleeve. When tapping asbestos-cement pipe, it may be advisable to tap 1/8" beyond the line. **FIGURE 6**

**Eb. DRILL AND TAP – POWER OPERATED METHOD USING MUELLER H-603 ELECTRIC POWER OPERATOR OR H-604 AIR POWER OPERATOR**

The A-3 Drilling and Tapping Machine has been designed to permit the use of a power operator. The power operator will drive the combined drill (or shell cutter) and tap and provide automatic feed during the drilling operation.

**IMPORTANT:** When using H-604 air motor power operator install an in-line lubricator as close to the unit as practical and adjust for slight oil mist from exhaust – maintain pressure of 90 p.s.i.g. We recommend the use of a gage at the throttle to determine the actual pressure of AIR AT THE AIR MOTOR.

**NOTE:** Either unit is suitable for:
- Power drilling with automatic feed 1/2” through 1-1/4” inclusive with combined drill and tap.
- Power cutting with automatic feed 1-1/4” through 2-1/2” inclusive with shell cutter and tap.
- Power tapping by hand feed.

The gear case attaches to the machine by the means of two sockets. The inner or small socket drives the boring bar. The outer or large socket drives the feed yoke through a gear reduction as the boring bar is rotated. The resulting feed on the drill is .010” per revolution of the boring bar. The motors are equipped with a squeeze type trigger throttle. If for some reason a drill should stick, the motor can be shut of quickly.

1. Place the gear case and motor on the drilling and tapping machine aligning the sockets with the square shanks on the boring bar and feed yoke. Socket which contacts feed yoke should be closed and wing nut tightened securely.
2. Set position of air or electric motor switch to give **clockwise** rotation of boring bar.
3. Start drilling operation and continue drilling until the operation is completed. Completion of drilling operation can be easily detected by torque required to resist power unit and sound of power unit.

**NOTE:** The tapping line is located just below the thrust collar on the boring bar. A distance of 1 1/4” below the tapping line is limit for use of automatic feed. Actual drilling is always completed before this distance is reached.

4. Loosen wing nut on feed yoke drive socket and swing socket open.
5. Start motor and rotate feed yoke **clockwise** by hand to engage tap part of tool into main. Continue to rotate feed yoke until tap is securely started into the main. At this point, turn operating screw on locking mechanism **counter-clockwise** to unlock the pivot arm and remove the feed yoke from contact with the thrust collar. The boring bar will move downward allowing the tool to feed itself.

**NOTE:** Feed yoke should remain in contact with the boring bar thrust collar and follow the thrust collar down when machine is being used on high pressure mains, thin wall steel pipe or asbestos-cement pipe. **DO NOT** overfeed faster than the tap is cutting as this will strip the threads being tapped in the main.
6. Continue tapping operation until tapping line on boring bar is flush with the top of the feed sleeve part of the cap. Use 50 to 80 foot pounds of torque to tighten valve into main after removal of machine.

IMPORTANT – WHEN TAPPING A/C PIPE: Only hand operation of the A-3 machine is recommended when working on A/C pipe, especially if it is not under pressure. If a power operator is used, its extra weight on the boring bar can cause overfeeding of the tap and result in striped threads. When tapping A/C pipe with one-piece CEM-RES® Combined Drills and Taps, it is advisable to exceed the tapping line enough to allow corporation valves to be inserted with only one to three threads exposed. The exact amount may be determined by making a “shop tap” ahead of time.

F. REMOVE THE TOOL

1. If hand ratchet was used, reverse the ratchet handle by pulling outward on ratchet detent knob and adjusting it for counter-clockwise rotation. Rotate the ratchet handle counter-clockwise carefully and back out the tool. Do not force the tool when removing it, as this may cause breakage of the tap teeth. CAUTION: When this machine is under pressure, water pressure from the main will create a piston action against the boring bar and it will tend to rise forcefully. Keep head and body clear of ratchet handle and end of boring bar. To avoid possible bodily injury or damage to the machine that could result if the boring bar is allowed to move upward without constraint, MAINTAIN CONTROL OF THE BORING BAR AT ALL TIMES with firm downward force on the ratchet handle or power operator.

2. If power operation has been used to make the tap, stop power operator momentarily, then reverse the motor and back out the tool. Control upward movement of the boring bar by maintaining a firm hold on the gear case and motor as stated in previous caution note.

3. When the tap is entirely free from the pipe, withdraw the boring bar to the uppermost position again applying some downward force to prevent uncontrolled withdrawal of the boring bar. When the pressure in the pipe is greater than 90 p.s.i., use the power clevis to control the withdrawal of the boring bar. FIGURE 7
   a. Hook the bent end of the power clevis over the feed cap handles.
   b. Adjust the screw so that the point on the end is in the center hole in the end of the boring bar.
   c. Turn the screw to move the boring bar as required.

4. With the tool completely in the cylinder close flop valve by turning hand wheel as far as it will go counter-clockwise and hold momentarily.

5. With the other hand quickly close the bypass valve by turning the hand knob clockwise. This relieves the pressure in the cylinder and holds the flop valve closed.

6. Unscrew the feed cap and boring bar assembly.
7. Loosen the tool retaining screw on boring bar, but don’t remove.
8. Strike the drift pin on the head to loosen the combined drill (or shell cutter) and tap.
9. Remove the combined drill (or shell cutter) and tap.

G. ATTACH VALVE, TEE, OR PLUG TO BORING BAR

1. IMPORTANT – Check to be sure that the valve or tee to be inserted is fully closed.
2. Screw together the proper inserting tool and the valve, tee, or plug to be inserted. See instructions A-3 page 5. Lubricate these threads and check to be sure these threads screw together freely without binding. When using an E-Z Release® inserting tool, also lubricate and check the acme threads between the two parts of the inserting tool. FIGURE 8
3. Slide drift pin in boring bar socket so that the head end is exposed.
4. Insert the shank of the inserting tool into the socket of the boring bar. Align the keyway in the tool shank with the key inside the socket of the boring bar.
5. Tighten tool-retaining screw.
6. Pull boring bar to the rearmost position in the feed cap.
7. Coat the inlet threads with non-hardening pipe thread sealant. FIGURE 9
8. Replace the feed cap with the complete boring bar assembly onto the cylinder of the machine and tighten.

H. INSERT THE VALVE, TEE OR PLUG

1. Hold boring bar in uppermost position and turn bypass valve hand knob counter-clockwise, which will equalize the pressure above the flop valve.
2. Open the flop valve by turning the hand wheel clockwise.
3. Assemble ratchet handle onto boring bar and set ratchet dog for clockwise rotation.
4. Push the boring bar down until the inlet threads of the valve, tee or plug contact the threads in the pipe. For pressure greater than 90 psi use a power clevis to force the boring bar down. See Instructions “F-3” for power clevis assembly instructions.
5. Adjust the feed nut and yoke and place feed yoke over the collar on the boring bar.
6. Insert the valve, tee or plug into the tapped hole by rotating the boring bar clockwise and carefully feeding downward with the feed yoke by turning the feed yoke clockwise. After the threads have taken hold in the pipe, the yoke may be permitted to drop off the collar except when inserting in thin wall or asbestos-cement pipe, or under high pressure.
7. Screw the valve, tee or plug into the tapped hole until it feels solid. IMPORTANT: DO NOT attempt to force it to its permanent tightness by means of the machine.

I. RELEASE THE INSERTING TOOL

1. Turn the bypass valve hand knob clockwise which will release the pressure from the machine and indicate the tightness of the connection between the valve, tee, or plug and the pipe.
2. Reverse the ratchet dog so that the ratchet handle will operate in a counter-clockwise direction.
3. Turn the ratchet handle counter-clockwise to take out the play and strike the end of the hand a sharp blow counter-clockwise with the palm of the other hand. FIGURE 10. This will release the threaded connection between the inserting tool and the valve, tee, or plug.
4. If using on E-Z Release® inserting tool, this will release the threaded connection between the two parts of the inserting tool.
4. Rotate ratchet handle counter-clockwise until inserting tool is completely free. 
   **NOTE:** If there is full pressure flow from the bypass release valve, the inserting tool has not released and the valve, tee or plug should be screwed in again a little tighter than before and another attempt be made to release the inserting tool.

### J. REMOVE THE MACHINE

1. Loosen the chain nuts.
2. Unhook the chain.
3. Remove the machine, saddle and gaskets.
4. Tighten the valve, tee or plug into the pipe permanently with a flat wrench on the valve body. Figure 11.
5. If using an E-Z Release® inserting tool, remove the nut part from the valve or tee.

### K. TO REMOVE A VALVE, TEE OR PLUG INSTALLED IN A PIPE UNDER PRESSURE

1. Shut off the valve or tee.
2. Disconnect service line piping.
3. Slightly loosen the valve or tee using a wrench on the inlet side.
4. Separate the two parts of the extracting tool.
5. When using an extracting tool having inside threads, screw the nut onto the outside threads of valve or tee very securely using the right hand thread. Figure 12. When using an extracting tool having outside threads, screw the plug into the inside threads of valve or plug very securely using the right hand threads.
6. Unscrew the feed cap containing the boring bar assembly from the cylinder on the machine.
7. Open the flop valve by turning the hand wheel clockwise.
8. Assemble the large saddle gasket, saddle, small saddle gasket and the body and cylinder of the machine centrally over the installed valve, tee or plug. Chain hook nuts should be only hand tight. See instructions "B", page 5.
9. Insert the shank part of the extracting tool into the socket of the boring bar. Align the keyway in the tool shank with the key inside the socket of the boring bar. Figure 12.
10. Tighten tool-retaining screw.
11. Pull boring bar to the rearmost position in the feed cap.
12. Replace the feed cap with the complete boring bar assembly onto the cylinder of the machine and tighten.
13. Turn bypass valve hand knob **counterclockwise**.
14. Push the boring bar down and engage the two parts of the extracting tool by rotating the boring bar **counterclockwise**.
15. Carefully align the machine and tighten the chain nuts without binding the boring bar.
16. Again rotate the ratchet handle **counterclockwise** which will first fully engage the two parts of the extracting tool and continued rotation will unscrew the valve, tee or plug from the pipe.
17. Slowly raise boring bar, close flop valve by turning the hand wheel **counterclockwise**, and close the bypass valve by turning the hand knob **clockwise**.
18. Proceed with the use of the machine following previous instructions.

CAUTION: Once the valve, tee or plug threads separate from the pipe and the machine is under pressure, water pressure from the main will create a piston action against the boring bar and it will tend to rise forcefully. Keep head and body clear of ratchet handle and end of boring bar. To avoid possible bodily injury or damage to the machine that could result if the boring bar is allowed to move upward without constraint, **MAINTAIN CONTROL OF THE BORING BAR AT ALL TIMES** with firm downward force on the ratchet handle.

**L. INSTALLING MUELLER® NO-BLO® SERVICE TEES**

A NO-BLO® Service Tee having outside I. P. thread inlet may be installed with the A-3 Machine and a drilling machine (or completion machine) and its equipment. MUELLER GAS DISTRIBUTION PRODUCTS CATALOG lists the catalog numbers of the tees which can be installed with the A-3 Machine.

1. Refer to the current Gas Distribution Products Catalog. Determine the catalog number of the drilling machine (or completion machine) the control valve and tools to be used.
2. Select the proper size of control valve or control chamber bushing. This is listed in the CATALOG with the control valve or control chamber.
3. Screw the deferred completion stopper into the tee making a pressure tight shut-off. Figure 13.

5. Connect service pipe to the outlet of the tee and extend this piping to the first shut-off in the service line such as a curb valve or meter valve. Close this curb valve or meter valve.

For the following operations, **REFER TO OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS FOR INSTALLING NO-BLO® SERVICE TEES WITH THE DRILLING MACHINE SELECTED FOR THIS USE**.

6. Remove the deferred completion stopper. Follow the instructions for removing completion plug from Service Tees.
7. Insert completion plug.
8. Apply non-hardening pipe thread sealant to completion cap threads and screw tightly on tee. **FIGURE 14**.
9. Test the entire tee with soapsuds (add glycerine in freezing weather) or leak detection fluid.